

ABSTRACT

In a channel selection device in the digital/analog broadcasting receiver, when an instruction of the main/sub-channel change is given by ten keys, inputting by “-” key causes the main channel being currently received to be fixed, and a display device to OSD display a state of waiting for the sub-channel. This allows the hierarchical structure of the channel to be understood intuitively, and the input steps of the main channel to be simplified, thereby allowing the channel selection to be efficiently performed.